किये गये हैं तथा उन उम्मीदवारों का ब्यौरा क्या है जिन्हें विहित प्रक्रिया का उल्लंघन करते हुए नियुक्त किया गया है; और

(घ) विदित प्रक्रिया का उल्लंघन करते हुए जिन अधिकारियों ने आदेश जारी किए हैं, उनके खिलाफ क्या कार्यवाही की गयी है?

कोयला मंत्रालय की राज्य मंत्री (श्रीमती कांति सिंह): (क) कोल इण्डिया लिमिटेड द्वारा प्रस्तुत की गई सूचना के अनुसार साउथ ईस्टर्न कोलफील्ड्स लिमिटेड (सा०ई०को०लि०) के रायगढ़ क्षेत्र में 1994-95 और 1995-96 के दौरान 350 व्यक्तियों को रोजगार दिए गए, जिनके ब्यौरे नीचे दिए गए हैं:—

पदों के नाम	नियुक्त व्यक्तियों की संख्या		जोड़
	1994-95	1995-96	
माइनिंग सरदार	7	शून्य	7
आई०टी०आई० प्रशिक्षु	शून्य	95	95
आई०टी०आई० तकनीशियन (श्रेणी-1)	शून्य	144	144
सहायक फोरमेन (प्रशिक्षणार्थी)	6	शून्य	6
रोजनदार लोडर	90	शून्य	98
जोड़	111	239	350

(ख) प्रत्यायोजित शक्तियों के अनुसार, मुख्य महाप्रबंधक रायगढ़ क्षेत्र, सा० ई०को०लि० के प्रश्न के भाग (क) के उत्तर में उल्लिखित पदों के मामले में नियुक्ति प्राधिकारी हैं। ऐसे कर्मचारियों के नामों का ब्यौरा जिन्हें नियुक्ति-पत्र निर्गत किए गए हैं, अनुपत्र में दिया गया है। **(देखिए परिशिष्ट 178, अनुपत्र संख्या 68)**

(ग) कोयला कंपनी, रायगढ़ के अनुसार, रोजगार कार्यालय ने 1970 उम्मीदवारों को प्रायोजित किया था, जिनमें से 350 उम्मीदवारों को विभिन्न पदों के लिए चयनित कर लिया गया था। कम्पनी के नियमों और क्रियाविधि को ध्यान में रखते हुए नियुक्ति-पत्र जारी किए गए थे और विहित प्रक्रिया के विरुद्ध किसी उम्मीदवार को नियुक्त नहीं किया गया है। रोजगार कार्यालय द्वारा यथा प्रायोजित उम्मीदवारों के नामों से संबंधित जानकारी काफी बड़ी मात्रा में अन्तर्ग्रस्त है। इसके संग्रहण में किए गए प्रयास और नियोजित श्रम लक्षित उद्देश्य के अनुरूप नहीं होगा।

(घ) उपर्युक्त भाग (ग) के उत्तर को संदर्भगत करते हुए प्रश्न ही नहीं उठता है।

Representations received by joint DGFT Cochin on arrears of CCS

2850. SHRI GHUFRAN AZAM: Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Joint DGFT, Cochin has received number of representations on account of arrears of CCS payment;

(b) whether Government in certain cases had requested for dropping some issues of objections;

(c) whether even thereafter CCS Accounts of such exporters have not been cleared;

(d) the details of representations received from both Public Sector and Private Sector companies till 31st July, 1996 during the year;

(e) the steps being taken to settle the issues without further delay; and

(f) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE (SHRI BOLLA BULLI RAMAIAH): (a) to (f) According to available information, during the period 1.4.1996 to 31.7.1996 the office of Jt.DG, Cochin had received a representation in this regard from M/s. Balmer Lawrie & Co. a Public Sector Undertaking. In this case, the Principal Director of Audit, Madras had raised an audit objection on overpayment of CCS to the company. The Government had taken up the matter with the Principal Director of Audit, Madras who confirmed the objection. Consequently, the overpayment of CCS was adjusted against other pending claims and the audit objection has accordingly been settled.

Proposal to abolish the contract labour system

2851. SHRI RAHASBIHARI BARIK:
SHRI SHIV CHARAN SINGH:

Will the Minister of LABOUR be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have a proposal to abolish the contract labour system;

(b) if so, since when; and

(c) the steps taken in that direction?

THE MINISTER OF LABOUR (SHRI M. ARUNACHALAM): (a) to (c) The Contract Labour (Regulation and Abolition) Act, 1970 seeks to regulate the employment of contract labour in certain establishements and to provide for its abolition in certain circumstances and for matters connected therewith.

The Act came into force w.e.f. 10-2-1971.

The central objective of the Act is to abolish contract labour in certain jobs/processes and to regualte the employment of contract labour in other jobs/processes where it can not be abolished. In other words, the Act does not envisage total abolition of contract labour system. It permits continuance of contract labour system but seeks to regulate it in jobs/processes/operations which are casual and intermittent in nature. The Central Government as appropriate Government for industries specified in the Act have issued several notifications since 1975 prohibiting employment of contract labour in specified processes/operation in a large number of establishments and industries.

Quality cut of paddy to the State Government by FCI

2852. SHRIMATI RENUKA CHOWDHURY: Will the Minister of FOOD be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government of Andhra Pradesh have represented for payment of Rs. 16.80 crores towards quality of paddy (rice) to the State Government by the FCI;

(b) if so, the reaction of Government thereto;

(c) whether necessary instructions to the FCI for early payment has been issued; and

(d) when the payment is likely to be made?

THE MINISTER OF FOOD AND MINISTER OF CIVIL SUPPLIES, CONSUMER AFFAIRS AND PUBLIC DISTRIBUTION (SHRI DEVENDRA PRASAD YADV): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) to (d) Upto 1994-95 rice used to be procured if the quality was within the prescribed range i.e. between tolerance limit and rejection limit. With the adoption of "single grade specifications" in respect of rice the scope of value cuts has been reduced considerably. However, in 1995-96 rice marketing season, on requests of certain State Govts., quality parameters were relaxed subject to value cuts in respect of only 4 out of 9 parameters. Whatever quality cuts are made,